POVERTY STATUS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS BY HOUSEHOLD TYPE BY AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER

: Households

2015 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Data and Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Versions of this table are available for the following years: 2015

	Alaska	
	Estimate	Margin of Erro
otal:	250,185	+/-2,68
Income in the past 12 months below poverty level:	22,539	+/-2,048
Family households:	11,530	+/-1,402
Married-couple family:	3,189	+/-60
Householder under 25 years	208	+/-180
Householder 25 to 44 years	1,566	+/-532
Householder 45 to 64 years	934	+/-35
Householder 65 years and over	481	+/-23
Other family:	8,341	+/-1,31
Male householder, no wife present:	2,523	+/-610
Householder under 25 years	551	+/-43
Householder 25 to 44 years	1,219	+/-38
Householder 45 to 64 years	695	+/-23
Householder 65 years and over	58	+/-4
Female householder, no husband present:	5,818	+/-1,13
Householder under 25 years	704	+/-51
Householder 25 to 44 years	3,961	+/-94
Householder 45 to 64 years	913	+/-29
	240	+/-11
Householder 65 years and over	11,009	
Nonfamily households:	<u> </u>	+/-1,55
Male householder:	5,976	+/-1,04
Householder under 25 years	739	+/-46
Householder 25 to 44 years	1,357	+/-49
Householder 45 to 64 years	3,150	+/-80
Householder 65 years and over	730	+/-40
Female householder:	5,033	+/-1,06
Householder under 25 years	615	+/-40
Householder 25 to 44 years	692	+/-30
Householder 45 to 64 years	2,901	+/-82
Householder 65 years and over	825	+/-37
Income in the past 12 months at or above poverty level:	227,646	+/-3,11
Family households:	152,270	+/-3,23
Married-couple family:	117,159	+/-3,00
Householder under 25 years	4,205	+/-1,00
Householder 25 to 44 years	43,732	+/-2,33
Householder 45 to 64 years	51,054	+/-2,20
Householder 65 years and over	18,168	+/-1,26
Other family:	35,111	+/-2,57
Male householder, no wife present:	12,586	+/-1,37
Householder under 25 years	616	+/-44
Householder 25 to 44 years	5,721	+/-1,01
Householder 45 to 64 years	5,019	+/-91
Householder 65 years and over	1,230	+/-40
Female householder, no husband present:	22,525	+/-2,03
Householder under 25 years	561	+/-30
<u> </u>		+/-1,50
Householder 25 to 44 years	10,782	+/-1,30
Householder 45 to 64 years	8,016	
Householder 65 years and over	3,166	+/-76
Nonfamily households:	75,376	+/-3,53
Male householder:	44,266	+/-2,66
Householder under 25 years	2,922	+/-76
Householder 25 to 44 years	17,530	+/-1,75
Householder 45 to 64 years	17,183	+/-1,65
Householder 65 years and over	6,631	+/-1,19
Female householder:	31,110	+/-2,28
Householder under 25 years	2,562	+/-67
Householder 25 to 44 years	6,760	+/-1,07
Householder 45 to 64 years	12,155	+/-1,52

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2015 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Explanation of Symbols:
An '**' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An "entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An ***** entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate. An ***** entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.

An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

One person in each household is designated as the householder. In most cases, this is the person or one of the people in whose name the home is owned, being bought, or rented and who is listed on line one of the survey questionnaire. If there is no such person in the household, any adult household member 15 years old and over could be designated as the householder.

Households are classified by type according to the presence of relatives. Two types of householders are distinguished: a family householder and a nonfamily householder. A family householder is a householder living with one or more individuals related to him or her by birth, marriage, or adoption. The householder and all people in the household related to him or her are family members. A nonfamily householder is a householder living alone or with non-relatives only.

To determine poverty status of a householder in family households, one compares the total income in the past 12 months of all family members with the poverty threshold appropriate for that family size and composition. If the total family income is less than the threshold, then the householder together with every member of his or her family are considered as having income below the poverty level.

In determining poverty status of a nonfamily householder, only the householder's own personal income is compared with the appropriate threshold for a single person. The poverty status of a nonfamily householder does not affect the poverty status of the other unrelated individuals living in the household and the incomes of people living in the household who are not related to the householder are not considered when determining the poverty status of a householder. The income of each unrelated individual is compared to the appropriate threshold for a single person.

While the 2015 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the February 2013 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.